

Less Profit Less Care Reassessing The Impact Of Medicare And Medicaid Cuts On Patients Hearing Before The Select

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Fundy Tidal Power Reassessment 1977

National Health Care A. V. Narlikar 1995

Less Profit, Less Care?. United States. Congress. House. Select Committee on Aging 1988

HEARING BEFORE THE SELECT COMMITTEE ON AGING HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES 1988

Less Profit, Less Care? United States. Congress. House. Select Committee on Aging 1988

Revisiting the Entrepreneurial Mind Malin Brännback

2017-02-08 The book explores various aspects of cognitive and motivational psychology as they impact entrepreneurial behavior. Building upon the 2009 volume, *Understanding the Entrepreneurial Mind*, the editors and contributors explore the cognitions, motivations, passions, intentions, perceptions, and emotions associated with entrepreneurial behaviors, in each case preserving their original chapters and enhancing them with thoughtful and targeted updates, reflecting on the most recent developments in theory and practice, telling the story of what has transpired in the last decade in the field of entrepreneurial psychology. The volume addresses such questions as: Why do some people start business and others do not? Is entrepreneurship a natural quality or can it be taught? Do entrepreneurs think differently from others? While there is a great deal of literature exploring the dynamics of new firm creation, policies to promote innovation and technology transfer, and the psychology of creativity; research on entrepreneurial mindset or cognition is relatively new, and draws largely from such related fields as organizational behavior, cognitive and social psychology, career development, and consumer research. In this book, editors Brännback and Carsrud have reassembled the contributors to *Understanding the Entrepreneurial Mind* to discuss new research paradigms given their vantage point years after the original volume was published. Featuring the most current literature references, *Revisiting the Entrepreneurial Mind* continues to challenge conventional approaches to entrepreneurship and articulate an agenda for future research.

Revisiting Napoleon's Continental System K. Aaslestad 2014-10-29 Economic warfare during the Napoleonic era transformed international commerce; redirecting trade and generating illicit commerce. This volume re-evaluates the Continental System through urban and regional case studies that analyze the power triangle of the French, British and neutral powers and their strategies to adapt to trade restrictions.

Activities of the Aging Committee in the ... Congress

United States. Congress. House. Select Committee on Aging 1988

Post-Industrial Philadelphia William J. Stull 2016-11-11

The fourth report of the Temple-Penn Philadelphia Economic Monitoring Project continues the work of the Wharton Philadelphia Economic Monitoring Project, which began in 1984. This volume examines the manufacturing and service industries that have experienced employment growth in the region. Through detailed analysis of changes in the quantity, quality, and location of employment for specific industries in manufacturing, in producer services, in health care services, and in research and development activities, the authors explain why industries grew and assess their potential for further expansion.

Monthly Catalog of United States Government Publications 1988

Tourism Reassessed: Blight or Blessing Frances Brown

2010-02-17 *Tourism Reassessed: Blight or blessing?* provides a balanced assessment of the effects of tourism

on 20th century life and evaluates its significance in international relations. Inspired by Sir George Young's book, *Tourism: Blessing or blight?*, published 25 years ago, this book places tourism firmly within its wider context. *Tourism Reassessed* sees tourism as: · A factor of international relations · A facet of the global economic order It takes a new approach by examining the place of tourism in the global political economy, analysing both how far it is shaped by the political-economic system and its own role in shaping that system. *Tourism Reassessed* is ideal for educators and researchers in tourism and all those studying or interested in the subject. Policy makers in governments and international and national organizations in tourism and related fields will find this essential reading. *CIS Four-year Cumulative Index* Congressional Information Service 1987

Reconsidering Retirement Courtney C. Coile 2010-11-01

The economic downturn that began in 2008, the most severe in decades, has hit older Americans hard. Many have seen huge losses to their 401(k)s. In numerous cases the value of homes—the largest investment most older Americans have ever made—has diminished considerably. In addition, large numbers of American workers, including those 50 and older, have lost their jobs and may have difficulty replacing them. Suddenly the future seems a whole lot less certain, throwing years of planning into doubt. In *Reconsidering Retirement*, economists Courtney Coile and Phillip Levine go beyond the headlines to explain how the economic crisis will affect the future plans and well-being of older Americans. Amid well-publicized reports that older workers needed to stay on the job because of the crisis, the number of U.S. workers claiming Social Security retirement benefits actually rose substantially from 2008 to 2009. The authors maintain that job loss has been the culprit, leading to premature retirement, and while this trend may have been less noticed, it is perhaps the more significant outcome of the crisis. Coile and Levine examine the three major characteristics of the recession thought to influence retirement behavior: decline in the stock market, reduced housing values, and a weak labor market. The authors find that lower home prices did not actually affect retirement behavior but that the decline in the stock market did lead some workers to delay retirement, while a weakened labor market actually forced more older workers with fewer skills into retirement. As a result, these early retirees, who rely on Social Security, face a lifetime of lower benefits. The legacy of recessions is that those most in need usually are last to reap the benefits of an economic recovery. While the lion's share of media coverage after the economic downturn of 2008-09 has gone to the plight of older workers who remain employed, Courtney Coile and Phillip Levine examine the effects of the economic crisis on all workers approaching retirement age. Some of their findings are counterintuitive and will surprise many analysts and readers. In particular, they shine a light on lesser-skilled workers forced into early retirement—a number estimated at 378,000 workers. These workers will be forced into early involuntary retirement, drawing from Social Security sooner and receiving lower retirement income. This important book provides a complete picture of older workers today, how they will transition into retirement, and what we can do to assist them as the recession persists.

Medicare's New Hospital Payment System Louise B. Russell

1989 Analyzes the effectiveness of the prospective payment system introduced in 1983, and discusses how it has changed health services to the elderly

Revisiting Brucellosis in the Greater Yellowstone Area

National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine 2021-01-30 Brucellosis is a nationally and internationally regulated disease of livestock with significant consequences for animal health, public health, and international trade. In cattle, the primary cause of brucellosis is *Brucella abortus*, a zoonotic bacterial pathogen that also affects wildlife, including bison and elk. As a result of the Brucellosis Eradication Program that began in 1934, most of the country is now free of bovine brucellosis. The Greater Yellowstone Area (GYA), where brucellosis is endemic in bison and elk, is the last known *B. abortus* reservoir in the United States. The GYA is home to more than 5,500 bison that are the genetic descendants of the original free-ranging bison herds that survived in the early 1900s, and home to more than 125,000 elk whose habitats are managed through interagency efforts, including the National Elk Refuge and 22 supplemental winter feedgrounds maintained in Wyoming. In 1998 the National Research Council (NRC) issued a report, *Brucellosis in the Greater Yellowstone Area*, that reviewed the scientific knowledge regarding *B. abortus* transmission among wildlife—particularly bison and elk—and cattle in the GYA. Since the release of the 1998 report, brucellosis has re-emerged in domestic cattle and bison herds in that area. Given the scientific and technological advances in two decades since that first report, *Revisiting Brucellosis in the Greater Yellowstone Area* explores the factors associated with the increased transmission of brucellosis from wildlife to livestock, the recent apparent expansion of brucellosis in non-feedground elk, and the desire to have science inform the course of any future actions in addressing brucellosis in the GYA.

Transcript of Hearing on Property Tax Reassessment Exclusions of Resident-owned Mobile Parks California. Legislature. Senate. Select Committee on Mobilehomes 1993

Select Committee on Aging Publications List, 1975 to Present United States 1993

Less Profit, Less Care? United States. Congress. House. Select Committee on Aging 1988

Less profit, less care? 1988

BNA Pension Reporter 1988

Economics, 2000-2001 Don Cole 1999-12 This reader of public press articles addresses foundations of the study of economics and the changing global economy.

Public Affairs Information Service Bulletin 1988

Less profit, less care? United States. Congress. House. Select Committee on Aging 1988

Revisiting Gender Inequality Qi Wang 2016-04-08 One of the widely acknowledged consequences of the economic reforms in China over the past four decades has been widened social-gender gap and hence increased gender inequalities. In recent years, there is a rising concern of inequality in China and a mounting intellectual reflection and critique of the growth-focused development path China has followed so far. This collection can be seen as a part of this critique, but the focus is on gender and various forms of inequality pertaining to gender and gender relations. The book shows how various gender inequality issues are approached and analysed in the location of China by Chinese gender/social science scholars and how studies of gender inequality constitutes an astute critique of the neo-liberal capitalist development in China. The book brings forth a distinctive gender perspective to the Chinese intellectual and political analysis of social inequality and a Chinese perspective to the bulks of international scholarship on gender inequality in China.

CIS Index to Publications of the United States Congress Congressional Information Service 1989

The Global Impact of COVID-19 on Maternity Care Practices and Childbearing Experiences Robbie Elizabeth Davis-Floyd 2021-08-30

Economics Don Cole 2000-11 This thirty-fourth of ANNUAL EDITIONS: ECONOMICS provides convenient, inexpensive access to current articles selected from the best of the public press. Organizational features include: an annotated listing of selected World Wide Web sites; an annotated table of contents; a topic guide; a general introduction; brief overviews for each section; a topical index; and an instructor's resource guide with testing materials. USING ANNUAL EDITIONS IN THE

CLASSROOM is offered as a practical guide for instructors. ANNUAL EDITIONS titles are supported by our student website, www.mhcls.com/online.

Superfund Reassessment and Reauthorization United States. Congress. Senate. Committee on Environment and Public Works. Subcommittee on Superfund, Waste Control, and Risk Assessment 1995

A Reassessment of GOU Investment and Export Promotion Strategy with Focus on NTAES Tuan A. Nguyen 1997

Less Profit, Less Care? United States. Congress. House. Select Committee on Aging 1988

Unequal Exchange and the Evolution of the World System Kunibert Raffer 1987

Medicaid Source Book 1988

Less profit, less care? Reassessing impact ... US House Aging

The Legacy of Longevity Sidney Stahl 1990-10 With increasing numbers of elderly people in our society, the importance of issues of health, illness, disability and health services for the elderly looms ever larger. The research literature has correspondingly expanded to examine these issues. In this volume, leading researchers in social gerontology present the current state of knowledge about health and ageing. Topics covered range from conceptual and measurement issues, to social factors in health and illness, to use of services, financing of health care, caregiving and medical consumerism amongst the elderly.

Revisiting Targeting in Social Assistance Margaret Grosh 2022-06-14 Targeting is a commonly used, but much debated, policy tool within global social assistance practice. *Revisiting Targeting in Social Assistance: A New Look at Old Dilemmas* examines the well-known dilemmas in light of the growing body of experience, new implementation capacities, and the potential to bring new data and data science to bear. The book begins by considering why or whether or how narrowly or broadly to target different parts of social assistance and updates the global empirics around the outcomes and costs of targeting. It illustrates the choices that must be made in moving from an abstract vision to implementable definitions and procedures, and in deciding how the choices should be informed by values, empirics, and context. The importance of delivery systems and processes to distributional outcomes are emphasized, and many facets with room for improvement are discussed. The book also explores the choices between targeting methods and how differences in purposes and contexts shape those. The know-how with respect to the data and inference used by the different household-specific targeting methods is summarized and comprehensively updated, including a focus on “big data” and machine learning. A primer on measurement issues is included. Key findings include the following: · Targeting selected categories, families, or individuals plays a valuable role within the framework of universal social protection. · Measuring the accuracy and cost of targeting can be done in many ways, and judicious choices require a range of metrics. · Weighing the relatively low costs of targeting against the potential gains is important. · Implementing inclusive delivery systems is critical for reducing errors of exclusion and inclusion. · Selecting and customizing the appropriate targeting method depends on purpose and context; there is no method preferred in all circumstances. · Leveraging advances in technology—ICT, big data, artificial intelligence, machine learning—can improve targeting accuracy, but they are not a panacea; better data matters more than sophistication in inference. · Targeting social protection should be a dynamic process.

Global Hand Surgery: Learning and Contributing in Low- and Middle-Income Countries Kevin C. Chung 2019-10-12 This issue of *Hand Clinics*, guest edited by series consulting editor Dr. Kevin Chung, will cover Global Hand Surgery, with a focus on learning and contributing in the developing world. Topics discussed in the volume include: Economic Evaluations of Hand Surgery in the Developing World, Developing a Sustaining Program of Surgery Care in the Developing World, Overcoming Barriers to Hand Surgical Care in Low-Resource Settings, Postoperative Management for Hand Surgery in the Developing World, Interdisciplinary Teams and Global Hand Surgery, Guidelines for Ideal Short-Term Hand Surgery Outreach Trips, Cultural Sensitivity and Surgical Outreach, Treating Upper Extremity Burns in the Developing World, Treating Congenital Hand Anomalies in Low-Resource Settings, Treating Hand Traumas in Low-

Resource Setting, Ethics in Global Hand Surgery, Hand Surgery in Underserved Populations in the United States, and Initiatives and Future Directions, among others.

Социальные проблемы здравоохранения в странах Запада
1994

Revisiting Dewey Daniel W. Stuckart 2010-11-16 Nearly a century ago, Dewey proposed a philosophy of education addressing the needs of the whole student. He provided insights into the development of intelligence, the importance of socially useful skills, and the healthy growth of the individual. In the context of high-stakes testing and best practices, his insights may be more prescient than ever.

Health Care Systems in Japan and the United States Ryuzo Sato 2012-12-06 The health care sector has become a major component of the contemporary economies of Japan and the United States. It absorbs significant proportions of the GDP in both countries and places increasing stress on private, government and corporate budgets. As their income rises, the citizens of Japan and the United States choose to allocate increasing portions

of it on health care services because of the direct contribution of health care services to prolonged life expectancy, reduced morbidity, or other indicators of improved health and well-being. The health care sector is a major source of employment and affects the lives of all citizens. Adequate health care services are expected to have an important contribution to the quality of human life in any society. With so much at stake, arrangements for planning, financing, and operating health care service systems have increasingly come to be regarded as important economic and political issues. The political importance of health care is evidenced by the health care reform proposals of the Clinton administration in the United States and the deep involvement of the government in the medical care security system in Japan. As policy makers in both countries look ahead to the coming decades, they realize that the imperatives of economic restructuring, globalization, and their rapidly aging societies will affect the way in which health care is organized, delivered, and financed.